

Cyclops strenuus

A copepod

General

- 1. Growing approximately 1—2mm long
- 2. Capable of producing resting stage that remains dormant in sediments

Geography and Habitat

- Native: Circumboreal species indigenous to Europe, Alaska, Yukon and Northwest Territories (Canada)
- 2. Habitats
 - Ephemeral and permanent waters, subterranean waters, sphagnum moors
 - Typical of freshwater, occasionally at very low salinities
 - Tolerates pH of up to 10; temperatures of o°C—25°C
 - Abundance increases in warmer waters

http://nas.er.usgs.gov/queries/FactSheet.aspx?SpeciesID=271

Invasion Pathways

- 1. Possibility that populations in upper Great Lakes drainage are native relics
- 2. Ballast water release
- 3. Transferred with stocking programs, released with bait, discharged from live well water, transferred with recreational gear, transferred with waterfowl
- 4. Through the Long Lac-Ogaki diversion that connects the Hudson's Bay drainage to Lake Superior

Sources

1. http://nas.er.usgs.gov/queries/FactSheet.aspx?SpeciesID=2711